

AQ97 High Fidelity DNA Polymerase is a novel proofreading DNA polymerase developed and created by Ampliqon. AQ97 High Fidelity DNA Polymerase is composed of a novel chimeric DNA polymerase with Archaeal ancestry, fused to a processivity-enhancing DNA binding domain. Alongside very fast and robust amplification of complex and long targets, AQ97 High Fidelity DNA Polymerase displays a high fidelity ensuring accurate amplification.

AQ97 High Fidelity DNA Polymerase is well suited for PCR experiments that require amplification with very low error rates, such as cloning/sub-cloning, NGS applications, SNP analysis and mutagenesis.

A hot start version of AQ97 High Fidelity DNA Polymerase is available, enabling room temperature setup without the risk of primer degradation and decreased specificity.

### Features:

- High Fidelity: > 60x Taq fidelity
- High elongation rate: 10 sec/kb
- Long range amplification: 18 kb for human gDNA and 25 kb for h DNA
- 3' to 5' proofreading exonuclease activity
- Hot start version: reaction set-up at room temperature

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### **Applications:**

- Cloning/sub-cloning
- Long range amplification
- NGS applications
- Mutagenesis
- Gene expression
- Construction of libraries
- SNP analysis

### High fidelity

Fidelity values for AQ97 DNA Polymerase, AccuPol DNA Polymerase, two well-recognized high fidelity DNA polymerases P and Q and Taq DNA Polymerase were determined through a novel NGS-based analysis of nucleotide misincorporation during PCR.

Initially, PCR amplification was performed on a  $\sim$  200 bp synthetic DNA target, generating PCR products for each of the tested polymerases (using recommended setup conditions).

Each product was purified and NGS-prepped, followed by sequencing using the MiSeq sequencing platform. In total, over 100 million reads were generated, with an average dataset size of 6 million reads. The substitution rate (error rate) was determined at each position within the DNA target (Figure 1) and subsequently summarized to determine an error rate of the entire target (Table 1).

The error rates found for AQ97 High Fidelity DNA polymerase and the high fidelity DNA polymerases P and Q were below the detection limit of this method, indicating that these polymerases generated very few substitution errors. The detection limit is estimated to be  $8.4 \times 10^{-6}$  errors per base per doubling, which corresponds to around 60x the fidelity of Taq DNA Polymerase. The error rates determined here may not be comparable with other error rates found in the literature due to technical and methodical differences.

	Error rate <sup>a</sup>	Fidelity (x Taq)	
Taq	5 x 10 <sup>-4</sup> (± 4.3 x 10 <sup>-6</sup> )	1x	
AccuPOL	1.1 x 10 <sup>-4</sup> (± 2.9 x 10 <sup>-5</sup> )	5x	
AQ97	Below detection limit <sup>b</sup>	>60x	
Р	Below detection limit <sup>b</sup>	>60x	
Q	Below detection limit <sup>b</sup>	>60x	

Table 1. Error rates and corresponding fidelity values.

Errors per base per doubling. Standard deviations are given in brackets. Fidelity values for AQ97 High Fidelity DNA Polymerase, AccuPol DNA Polymerase and high fidelity DNA polymerases P and Q were compared to the fidelity values of Taq DNA Polymerase (1x).

- <sup>a</sup> The presented error rates may not be comparable to those presented in other literature due to technical and methodical differences.
- $^{\rm b}$  Error rates were below the detection limit for the method. This limit is estimated to be 8.4 x 10  $^{\rm 6}$ .

## AQ97 HIGH FIDELITY DNA POLYMERASE

### High fidelity (continued)

Diagram A in Figure 1 displays the distribution profile of the substitution rate across the amplification target for Taq DNA Polymerase, AQ97 High Fidelity DNA Polymerase and the two well-recognized high fidelity DNA polymerases P and Q. The diagram shows that the number of substitutions at each target position are much higher for Taq DNA Polymerase than for AQ97 High Fidelity DNA Polymerase and the two high fidelity DNA polymerases P and Q.

Furthermore, the number of substitutions at each target position for AQ97 High Fidelity DNA Polymerase and the two high fidelity DNA polymerases P and Q is close to the detection limit of the method.

Diagram B magnifies the area near the detection limit, displaying more information about the number of substitutions for AQ97 High Fidelity DNA Polymerase and the high fidelity DNA polymerases P and Q. Collectively, these diagrams show that AQ97 High Fidelity DNA Polymerase displays an extremely low number of substitutions. Furthermore, there is an indication that the substitution pattern of AQ97 High Fidelity DNA Polymerase is very similar to both high fidelity DNA polymerases P and Q.

### Long range amplification

AQ97 High Fidelity DNA Polymerase provides the user with the ability to amplify a broad range of DNA targets from short and up to 18 kb for human genomic DNA (Figure 2).

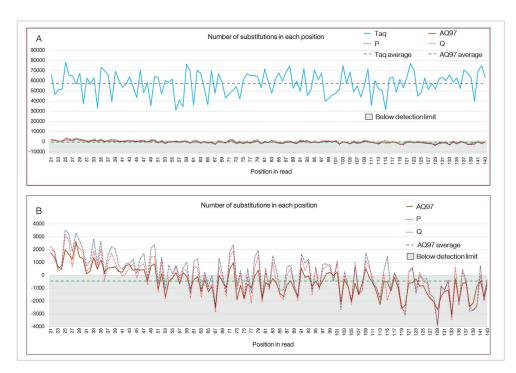
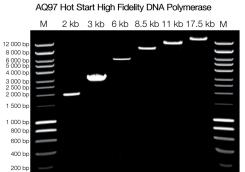


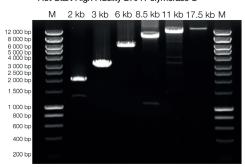
Figure 1. Distribution of substitutions. PCR was performed on a synthetic DNA target, using Taq DNA Polymerase, AQ97 High Fidelity DNA polymerase and the two well-recognized high fidelity DNA polymerase P and Q. The amplified products were purified, NGS-prepped and sequenced.

The number of substitutions at each target position was calculated and plotted in diagrams A and B. Diagram B magnifies the area near the detection limit. Substitutions include misincorporated nucleotides and deletions. Non-polymerase errors are subtracted from the total number of errors to reveal true polymerase errors. Non-polymerase errors include mutations caused by thermocycling-induced DNA-damage, pre-NGS sample preparation and sequencing errors.

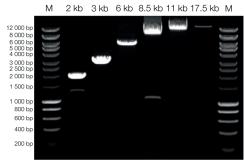
In these diagrams the average number of substitutions for Taq DNA Polymerase (Taq average) and for AQ97 High Fidelity DNA Polymerase (AQ97 average) is also plotted.







### Hot Start High Fidelity DNA Polymerase Q



Hot Start High Fidelity DNA Polymerase P

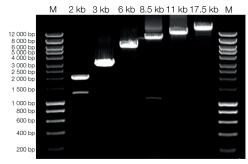


Figure 2: AQ97 enables long range amplification. Performance of AQ97 Hot Start High Fidelity DNA (AQ97 HS HiFi) polymerase on large and complex amplicons was compared to three leading hot start high fidelity DNA Polymerase (Q, S and P).

Six different targets of human genomic DNA ranging from 2 kb to 17.5 kb were amplified. Robust amplification was observed for all targets using AQ97 HS HiFi. DNA polymerases Q, S and P generally yielded higher PCR product quantities, except for the last and longest target, where both DNA polymerases Q and S resulted in weaker bands and less PCR product.

DNA polymerases Q, S and P also tend to produce more background noise and nonspecific bands, particularly noticeable in the first and fourth targets. Marker M: High Range DNA Ladder from Ampliqon (A610141).

# **AQ97 HIGH FIDELITY DNA POLYMERASE**

### Robust amplification on AT-rich to GC-rich DNA targets

AQ97 DNA High Fidelity DNA Polymerase provides the user with robust and specific amplification of a variety of DNA targets with GC content ranging from ~ 30 – 80 % GC. The 5x AQ97 Buffer provided with the enzyme is recommended for highest fidelity and specificity. For DNA targets with a high GC content, more complex secondary structure or longer DNA targets, the addition of 1-2 M Betaine Enhancer Solution is recommended.

The PCR performance of AQ97 High Fidelity DNA Polymerase was compared to that of High Fidelity DNA Polymerases from three well-recognized competitors Q, S and P (Figure 3). PCR was performed on eight different human genomic targets, 400-800 bp in length and with GC content ranging from 29-78%.

Robust amplification was observed for all targets using AQ97 High Fidelity DNA Polymerase. High fidelity DNA polymerase Q and S provided results very similar to AQ97 High Fidelity DNA polymerase, except on the last target with the highest GC content of 78%.

In contrary, high fidelity DNA polymerase P was not able to provide the same level of robust amplification on the DNA targets with higher GC content, under the conditions tested here.

### **Hot Start**

AQ97 Hot Start High Fidelity DNA Polymerase shares the characteristics of its non-hot start counterpart, but distinguishes itself with the convenience of room temperature reaction setup. Unlike non-hot start high fidelity polymerases, which can degrade primers and template DNA at room temperature, AQ97 Hot Start High Fidelity Polymerase remains inactive, thanks to the inactivation of both its polymerase and exonuclease domains through site-specific antibodies. The use of antibodies guarantees a stable yet quick release of inhibition.

An initial heating at 98°C for 2 minutes is enough to fully reactive the enzyme.

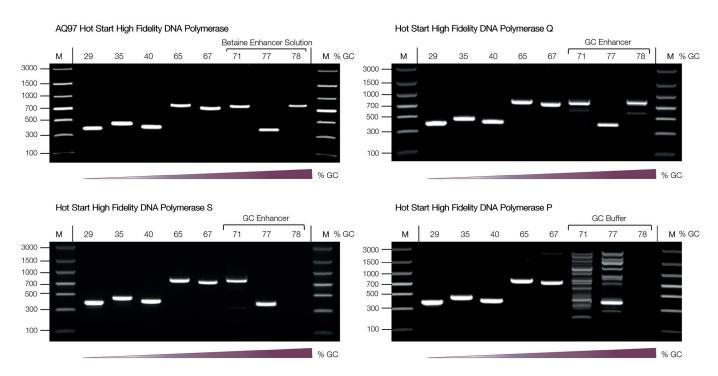


Figure 3. Robust amplification of AQ97 High Fidelity DNA Polymerase. Performance of AQ97 Hot Start High Fidelity DNA polymerase (AQ97 HS HiFi) was compared to three leading hot start high fidelity DNA Polymerase (Q,S and P). Eight different human genomic DNA targets, 400 – 800 bp in length and with GC content ranging from 29 – 78 %, were amplified. Robust amplification was observed for all targets using AQ97 HS HiFi. DNA Polymerase Q provided very similar results to AQ97 HS HiFi. The same is the case for DNA polymerase S, except for the target with 78% GC content, where AQ97 HS HiFi performed better. In contrary, DNA polymerase P was not able to provide the same level of robust and specific amplification of DNA targets >70%, under the conditions tested here.

Amplification studies has been set up, as recommended by the manufactures. Tm calculators of the respective competitors were used to calculate optimal annealing temperatures for primers. When amplifying GC-rich targets, 2 M Betaine Enhancer Solution (AQ97 HS HiFi), GC enhancer (DNA Polymerases Q and S) or GC-rich specific PCR Buffer (DNA Polymerase P) was included in the reaction mix. Marker M: Iqon PCR Ladder from Ampliqon (A610641).

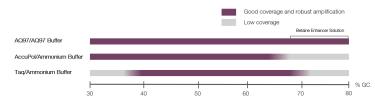


Figure 4. Illustration of the coverage of AQ97 High Fidelity DNA Polymerase. 5x AQ97 Buffer supports robust amplification of DNA targets with a GC content ranging from ~ 30 – 80 %. The addition of 2M Betaine Enhancer solution supports amplification of DNA targets with high GC content. The coverage of AQ97 High Fidelity DNA Polymerase is illustrated against the coverage of AccuPol DNA polymerase and Taq DNA Polymerase when using the 10x Ammonium Buffer.

# **AQ97 HIGH FIDELITY DNA POLYMERASE**

### Ordering information

Product	Size	Cat #
AQ97 High Fidelity DNA Polymerase	100 Units 500 Units 1000 Units 2500 Units	A767501 A767503 A767504 A767506
AQ97 High Fidelity DNA Polymerase 2x Master Mix	100 Reactions 500 Reactions 2500 Reactions 5000 Reactions	A770101 A770103 A770106 A770107
Betaine Enhancer Solution 5 M	5 x 1 ml	A351104
AQ97 Hot Start High Fidelity DNA Polymerase	100 Units 500 Units 1000 Units 2500 Units	A787501 A787503 A787504 A787506
AQ97 Hot Start High Fidelity DNA Polymerase 2x Master Mix	100 Reactions 500 Reactions 2500 Reactions 5000 Reactions	A790801 A790803 A790806 A790807





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